

NSERC-EERS INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH CHAIR IN IN-EAR TECHNOLOGY

Context

43% of Canadians work in loud environments¹

Among them, an increasing proportion suffers from noise-induced hearing loss (NIHL)

NIHL is responsible for difficulties in communication as well as in the perception and localization of sounds

Design considerations

The device will consist of two earplugs, each instrumented with a loudspeaker and two microphones, such that a final prototype has the benefits of both hearing aids and hearing protection devices. Algorithms will be implemented into a connected platform. Some features should be particularly investigated as they need to:

Hearing Aid Algorithm

- Be adapted to workers with low to severe hearing loss
- Maximize speech intelligibility with the right choice of prescription algorithm (NAL, FIG6,...)
- Include a prescription algorithm, volume control, user tilt and Automatic Gain Control input and output units.



Wide Dynamic Range Compression

- Independently adapt compression features depending on the frequency range
- Include a particular number of bands chosen by finding a compromise between vowel recognition and consonant recognition ³

Expected outcomes

- •





Design considerations for a dual hearing aid and hearing protection device for individuals with hearing loss

S. Ollivier, J. Voix, F. Bonnet, R. Bouserhal, C. Giguère, H. Nélisse ÉTS, Université du Québec, Montréal, QC, Canada





• Advise audiologists, OHS professionals and workers on feature choice depending on hearing diagnosis Familiarize hearing aid and hearing protection manufacturers on the needs of workers in loud environments Develop a method for noise dosimetry to assess the risks for hearing-impaired employees in noisy workplaces







Existing solutions and their limitations

Lack of research on the effects, no consensus amongst professionals on how to use them ²

No advantages in high noise environment, lack of data on the actual amplification and its risks for the user ²

To develop and validate a prototype of a protective hearing aid that can be used for research on the communication needs and the noise exposure of hearing-impaired workers in a loud environment.

In-ear dosimetry

- protected earcanal
- method

Noise Reduction Algorithm

- Reduce background noise
- Minimize speech distortion

References

[1] Feder, K., Michaud, D., McNamee, J., Fitzpatrick, E., Davies, H., & Leroux, T. (2017). Prevalence of hazardous occupational noise exposure, hearing loss, and hearing protection usage among a representative sample of working Canadians. Journal of occupational and environmental medicine, 59(1), 92.

[2] Leroux, T., Laroche, C., Giguère, C., & Voix, J. (2018). Hearing Aid Use in Noisy Workplaces. IRSST Report R-1015.

[3] Jenstad, L. M., Seewald, R. C., Cornelisse, L. E., & Shantz, J. (1999). Comparison of linear gain and wide dynamic range compression hearing aid circuits: Aided speech perception measures. Ear and Hearing, 20(2), 117-126.





Goal

• Allow real time measurement of sound level in the

• Be adapted from attenuation measurements using F-MIRE

• Help selecting the protecting tip providing the best acoustic seal through the sound level measurements Enable to monitor noise exposure and prevent overexposure

• Help evaluate the benefit of Active noise cancelling